

The maximum number of employees who can be in the same room at the same time:

- up to 50 sq.m - no more than 5 people - up to 100 square meters - no more than 10 people

- up to 200 square meters - no more than 25 people - over 200 square meters - no more than 50 people. Observance of social distance between workers in production facilities, application of signal markings on the floor.

Examination of workers for signs of respiratory diseases with thermometry 1 time per 4 hours. Regular wet cleaning of industrial, office and public areas using disinfectants

Disinfection every 2-4 hours of all contact surfaces (door handles, switches, handrails, railings, table surfaces, chair backs, office equipment). Bactericidal irradiators of air in rooms with constant presence of workers.

Ventilation of working spaces every 2 hours. Providing workers at workplaces with masks, disinfectants, antiseptics and gloves. Visiting the canteen by employees of the departments according to the approved schedule.

Prohibition of food intake at workplaces, separation of a special room for meals in the absence of a canteen. The work of canteens with the obligatory implementation of preventive and disinfection measures. Wash stands and dispensers with antiseptics in public areas. All work must be carried out using safety measures by using personal protective means (protective hats, gloves, masks, belts and shoes). Workshops and sites should be provided with information boards and signposts to alert workers on the symptoms of Covid-19 and measures to prevent contamination. Processing organizations should be provided with a first aid kit.

Precautions during COVID-19 when caring for pets:

Prohibit or limit work or contacts while caring for pets for people over 65 or pregnant women in order to avoid contracting various infectious respiratory diseases during the COVID-19 outbreak. Women who care for cattle should monitor the health of the livestock, guided by a decrease or increase in milk yield. Inform the local veterinarian in a timely manner and take timely measures to prevent disease of livestock.

Strictly observe hygienic measures during care, and especially when milking livestock: rinse the udder of the cow with hot water, disinfect and wipe with a clean cloth.

Farmers and livestock breeders who have had COVID-19 should not be involved in the care, feeding and milking of pets, or, if absolutely necessary, strictly observe precautions to avoid mutation of the pathogen COVID-19.

Reducing the death of animals and preventing diseases, timely vaccination, timely cleaning, regular disinfection of places where animals are kept, work clothes and vehicles used to transport animals. Rapid removal of animal carcasses.

Agriculture Commercialization Project

State Institution “Project Implementation Unit for Access to Green and Rural Development Finance” under the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Tajikistan



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The project aims to increase the commercialization of agriculture by strengthening the ability of a new generation



of small private farms to participate in market activities with the agro-industrial complex. The Additional Financing will help to finance the costs of new activities to be included in the Project in response to needs identified as urgent and complementary in the Tajikistan Agriculture Commercialization Project. The proposed Additional Financing (AF) will finance activities critical to consolidate and expand the impact of projects, and will help the Government of Tajikistan achieve a broader impact on the activities and development of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) in the country. This will be achieved through a coherent and complementary approach, addressing all major aspects of these activities through the following:

Empowering farmers, traders, agribusiness and agro-processors to participate in agricultural markets through access to knowledge and technical assistance;

Improving access to investment financing; Business Development Services for MSME; Strengthening critical elements of the institutional structure and academic knowledge base of the sector required to support business activities; Providing matching grants to sub-borrowers to supplement sub-loans; Providing entrepreneurship training and business development services to micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, including opening an entrepreneurship center at a selected location.

COVID-19 pandemic is the current global coronavirus infection pandemic caused by the [SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus](#). Common symptoms include fever, cough, fatigue, shortness of breath and anosmia (loss of smell), possibility of ear congestion. During complications, Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS) and pneumonia can occur. The [incubation period](#), that is, the period from the moment of [infection](#) to the onset of symptoms, is usually about five days, but can vary from 2 to 14 days. As a preventive measure, the following are recommended: often wash your hands with soap and water or treat them with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer; keep a safe distance from people who sneeze or cough; wear a mask in public places; do not touch your eyes, mouth, or nose with your hands; cover your mouth and nose with an elbow or handkerchief when coughing or sneezing; if you feel

unwell, stay at home; ask for medical assistance if you have a fever, cough, or shortness of breath.

Limiting contact between farmers during field work.

Farmers over the age of 65 with chronic diseases and pregnant women should keep the distance from other farmers when working in the field. It is recommended that people over 65 and pregnant women stay at home or strictly follow preventive measures to avoid contracting various diseases. Disinfection of agricultural equipment with antiseptics (shovels, forks, sickles, hoes, etc.), as well as frequent disinfection of agricultural vehicles

Eating: During eating meals, keep distance at the points of general food (field camps, specially designated places for eating). It is imperative to carry out regular and thorough disinfection (cleaning) of all work facilities, living places, canteens and common areas.

It is necessary to organize specially designated places for washing hands, sanitary facilities at food intake points or in places where food is distributed, it is necessary to provide drinking water, specialized sewer outlets for used water (special pits located far from canals, irrigation ditches, rivers, etc. local water facilities). During the collection of fruits, vegetables and other agricultural products, do not allow or reduce the unprotected touch of farmers, contact of the crop with animals, water, soil, etc.

When processing agricultural crops with mineral fertilizers and pesticides, take measures to reduce the risks to human health. Use personal protective clothes when using mineral fertilizers and pesticides (protective clothing, shoes, respirators, gloves, eyeglasses, etc.). Prevent the ingress of mineral fertilizers and pesticides into the river flowing down the slope (if any), in irrigation canals, in places where water is taken for household needs (wells, etc.).

Preventing the spread of COVID-19 among the workers

Conducting daily briefing of employees on self-control of possible symptoms (fever, cough) of the disease and the need to inform the responsible person about the presence of symptoms, or feeling unwell.

Limitation of contacts between the teams of separate workshops, sections, departments and functional working groups. Restricting the movement of workers during lunch

breaks and rest breaks. Increased attention at industrial enterprises to the functioning of ventilation and dust suppression systems, ensuring maximum permissible concentrations of dust and harmful substances in the air of the working area, mechanization, automation of technological processes, maximum reduction of contact of workers with industrial aerosols.